We claim:-

A (meth)acrylic ester of an alkoxylated unsaturated polyol ether of the general formula I

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$$\begin{bmatrix} R^{1} & R^{3} & C \\ R^{1} & R^{5} & R^{5} \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} A & C & R^{6} \\ O & D & Q \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} A & C & C \\ O & D & C \\ O & D$$

where

10 R^1 , R^2 , R^3 , R^4 and R^5 are each independently hydrogen or C_1 to C_6 alkyl, of which C_3 to C_6 alkyl may be branched or unbranched,

R⁶ is hydrogen or methyl,

m is an integer from 0 to 10,

n is an integer from 1 to 5,

o is an integer from 0 to 100,

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p is an integer from 2 to 100,

q is an integer from 1 to 5 and

25 A is C_3 to C_{20} alk(n+q)yl or C_3 to C_{20} heteroalk(n+q)yl,

the sum total of n and q is an integer from 3 to 10, and

B represents identical or different radicals selected from the group consisting of

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where * identifies the positions of attachment.

5 2. The (meth)acrylic ester of an alkoxylated unsaturated polyol ether of the general formula I according to claim 1 where

 R^1 , R^2 , R^3 , R^4 and R^5 are each hydrogen,

10 R⁶ is hydrogen or methyl,

m 0 or 1,

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n is an integer from 1 to 3,

o is an integer from 0 to 20,

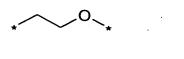
p is an integer from 3 to 40

20 q is an integer from 1 to 3 and

A C_3 to C_{10} alk(n+q)yl,

the sum total of n and q is an integer from 3 to 5, and

B represents identical or different radicals selected from the group consisting of



, 0,

where * identifies the positions of attachment.

5 3. The (meth)acrylic ester of an alkoxylated unsaturated polyol ether of the general formula I according to claim 1 where

R¹, R², R³, R⁴ and R⁵ are each hydrogen,

- 10 R⁶ is hydrogen or methyl,
 - m is 1,
 - n is 1 or 2,

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- o is 0,
- p is an integer from 5 to 20,

20 q is 1 or 2,

A is C_3 - to C_6 alk(n+q)yl,

the sum total of n and q is 3, and

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B is

- where * identifies the positions of attachment.
 - 4. A process for preparing the (meth)acrylic ester of an alkoxylated unsaturated polyol ether according to any of claims 1 to 3, comprising the steps of

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- a) reacting the alkoxylated unsaturated polyether with (meth)acrylic acid in the presence of at least one esterification catalyst and of at least one polymerization inhibitor and optionally of a water-azeotroping solvent to form the (meth)acrylic ester of the unsaturated polyol ether,
- b) optionally removing from the reaction mixture some or all of the water formed in a), during and/or after a),
- c) optionally neutralizing the reaction mixture,
- d) when a solvent was used, optionally removing this solvent.
- 10 5. A swellable hydrogel-forming polymer comprising a copolymerized internal crosslinker of the general formula I according to claim 1 to 3.
- 6. A process for preparing a crosslinked swellable hydrogel-forming polymer according to claim 5, which comprises polymerizing an aqueous mixture comprising a hydrophilic monomer, optionally at least one further monoethylenically unsaturated compound, at least one (meth)acrylic ester of alkoxylated unsaturated polyol ethers, at least one free-radical initiator and optionally also at least one grafting base, and optionally the reaction mixture obtained being postcrosslinked, dried and brought to the desired particle size.
 - 7. The use of a crosslinked swellable hydrogel-forming polymer according to claim 5 for manufacturing a hygiene article.
- 8. A hygiene article comprising a crosslinked swellable hydrogel-forming polymer according to claim 5.